## **CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims.

1. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system comprising:
a digital audio signal input <del>(1),</del> ;
a digital audio signal processor (2, DSP); and
a digital audio signal output (3),
a sensor for measuring background noise level, and
an element having as an input the measured noise level and as an output a
HP cut-off frequency,
wherein the HP cut-off frequency increases as the background noise level
increases, and a LP cut-off frequency decreases as the HP cut-off frequency
increases,
wherein the digital <u>audio</u> signal processor (2, DSP) comprises:
a high pass (HP) filter (21) with a high pass HP frequency (f),
an amplifier $(22)$ for a signal filtered by the HP filter, and
a low pass (LP) filter (23) with a low pass LP frequency (f) for filtering
that filters the signal after amplification by the amplifier (22) and for
providing an output signal, and the digital processor comprises
an establisher (24, 25) for establishing that establishes the high pass
HP frequency or the low pass LP frequency, and -2-

19	a matcher (26) for matching that matches the high pass HP frequency
20	and <del>low pass the LP</del> frequency of the <del>high pass <u>HP</u> filter and <del>low pass the LP</del></del>
21	filter respectively to each other.
1	2. (Canceled).
1	3. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 2
2	claim 1, further comprising:
3	a single LP filter with a variable cut-off frequency.
1	4. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 2
2	claim 1, further comprising:
3	a set of LP filters with <u>a</u> different LP cut-off frequency,
4	wherein and the matcher is arranged to send the signal after amplification to
5	one of the set of LP filters, in dependence on the HP cut-off frequency.
1	5. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 1,
2	wherein the establisher is arranged for establishing the cut-off frequency of
3	the high pass HP filter in dependence on the average amplification in the
4	amplification stage.

6. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 1, 1 2 wherein the establisher is arranged to set the cut-off frequency f' of the LP filter at f<sub>s</sub>/2, wherein f<sub>s</sub> is the a sample frequency and the matcher matches the high 3 pass-HP frequency f to the low pass-LP frequency f'. 4 1 7. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 6, 2 further comprising: 3 a single HP filter with a variable cut-off frequency. (Currently Amended) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 6, 1 8. 2 further comprising: a set of HP filters with a different HP cut-off frequency and wherein the 3 4 matcher is arranged to send the signal before amplification to one of the set of HP 5 filters, in dependence on the LP cut-off frequency. 9. (Original) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the 1 HP cut-off frequency (f) is a frequency between 300 Hz and 2 kHz. 2 1 10. (Original) A sound reproduction system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the LP 2 cut-off frequency lies above 2 kHz and f<sub>s</sub>/2, where f<sub>s</sub> is the <u>a</u> sample frequency.

1	11. (Currently Amended) <u>Digital A digital</u> audio signal processor comprising:
2	a high pass (HP) filter (21) with a high pass-HP frequency (f);
3	an amplifier (22)-for a signal filtered by the HP filter; and
4	a low pass (LP) filter (23)-with a low pass-LP frequency (f') for filtering that
5	filters the signal after amplification by the amplifier (22) and for providing provides
6	an output signal, and the digital processor comprises
7	an establisher (24, 25) for establishing that establishes the high pass HP
8	frequency or the <del>low pass <u>LP</u> frequency, and</del>
9	a matcher (26) for matching that matches the high pass HP frequency and
10	the LP frequency respectively to each other,
11	a sensor for measuring background noise level, and
12	an element having as an input the measured noise level and, as an output, a
13	HP cut-off frequency,
14	wherein the HP cut-off frequency increases as the background noise level
15	increases, and a LP cut-off frequency decreases as the HP cut-off frequency
16	increases.
1	12. (Currently Amended) A method for processing digital sound signals.
2	in which method the wherein frequency components below a HP cut-off frequency f
3	is—are removed prior to amplification, and after amplification, the frequency
4	component-components above a LP cut-off frequency are removed,

wherein the values of the HP cut-off frequency and the LP cut-off frequency f

6 are matched, and

7

8

1

2

wherein a noise level (N) is measured and the HP cut-off frequency f is determined in dependence on the measured noise level.

13. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 12,

wherein the HP cut-off frequency lies between 300 and 2 kHz.

1 14-16. (Canceled).